






100



100



10




1





100

100



100



100



# Early and Complete Agreement on Colonial Questions is Expected by Peace Conference.

## ENVOYS ADOPT WILSON POLICY

Internationalization of German Colonies Proposed.

Supreme Power to be Vested in League of Nations.

Control Through Mandatories is Agreed Principle.

(Continued from First Page.)

of requisitioned German ships of which Brazil took forty-three, and also to the question of indemnities to which Brazil will make a claim. "Most of the questions which Brazil will submit to the conference," he added, "are absolutely insignificant as compared with the tremendous problems which the powers will have to solve. The most important Brazilian question is a request that Germany return \$100,000,000 which we have deposited in German banks as a guarantee for loans, especially in France, England and Belgium."

**DENY OKUMA INTERVIEW.**

The Japanese peace delegation today issued a formal denial to publication in Paris newspapers based on an interview with Marquis Okuma, former Premier, purporting to give the Japanese peace policy. The denial terms the publication as "flying impressions" and says that the use of Marquis Okuma's name was unwarranted.

It is declared the assertion that the present Japanese Cabinet bases its policy on Marquis Okuma's statement is absurd.

The conference which will meet in Paris early in February will comprise five delegates each from France, England, Belgium, Italy and the United States. Its object will be to frame a proposition for the Peace Conference regarding the air navigation and all questions of the air in general and deciding upon the constitution of air forces.

**ACCEPT WILSON IDEAS.**

The British and French governments have accepted in principle President Wilson's plan concerning the League of Nations for the administration of captured territory. It was stated by Capt. Andrew Tardieu, of the French peace conference delegation today.

The acceptance, however, is subject to learning under what conditions the plan will be carried out.

This plan in its practical application now is under examination by the supreme council of the Peace Conference.

The discussion on the subject of mandatories over the German colonies was proceeding among all the powers with a unanimity of sentiment and the desire to reach unanimous agreement, Capt. Tardieu said.

He applied to Japan as well as to the other powers with a view to interest, he continued, as all were inspired by the same purpose, which was to reach an agreement in common.

**FRENCH INTERESTS.**

Asked concerning the French interests in the former German colonies, Capt. Tardieu said that France desired the Kamerun and Togoland, which are of the character of their population and the proximity of the French colonies, France was in the best position to administer.

The direct annexation of the colonies would have been preferred by France, Capt. Tardieu said, but the idea of mandatories was being carefully examined with a view to determining how it could be applied practically.

Capt. Tardieu said the time required for defining the method of applying the system would not detract from the formation of the League of Nations or postpone the signing of the peace with Germany. The Allied and associated powers, he said, would first establish a full agreement on all points and then would settle the various questions of the war settlement that Germany would be called in.

As yet the Peace Conference has received no informal reply from the Russian government, but the Russian invitation sent to all the Russian governments to meet on

representatives at the Peace Conference in Paris, probably will make a formal response in a few days on behalf of the various other Russian governments.

This committee now is considering the proposals, but the details of the conference will be decided by the representatives of the Bolsheviks. Members of the Russian committee state that all the Russian governments, as well as the Omsk government, now are in complete unity and are giving the Paris committee their unqualified support. President Tachikovsky of the government of Russia, who sailed from Archangel last January 1, is expected to reach Paris within a few days.

**NO LEAGUE PLAN.**

No distinctive American plan will be submitted initially to the committee of the Peace Conference. It is pointed out to the details of the constitution and the functions of the League of Nations, it was learned today. The American representatives, it appears, believe it will be easier to secure the results desired by them and insure the energy of the League of Nations by the plan if some other power than the United States stands sponsor for the conference at Paris.

The British labor delegates in Paris, who yesterday completed a plan for an inter-allied Socialist meeting to be held in Paris, are expected to be held before the Peace Conference, and forwarded it to the committee of the League of Nations. The plan is greatly praised by the players, are greatly pleased at the speed with which they were able to complete the draft. The consultation lasted only two and one-half days.

At the request of the Belgian Socialist members of the League of Nations, it was learned today. The plan was held in Paris yesterday. It was attended by French, Belgian, English and Russian Socialists, who are in Paris on their way to the international Socialist and labor conference at Bern.

**OPPOSITION IN SENATE.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Vigorous opposition to plans reported from Paris for the internationalization of former German colonies was made in the Senate today by Senator Borah of Idaho, Republican. The speaker said he was not in favor of the plan, assuming that it was "obligation to control, govern, or be responsible for any part of the colonies."

Senator Borah said Australia, in demanding the German islands of the Pacific had announced the Monroe Doctrine for Australia. He added:

"If we, as a member of a league, interfere with the Monroe Doctrine of Australia, or of some other nation, we would be interfering with the Monroe Doctrine."

Senator Kinkaid of Utah, Democrat, defended the action of the American commissioners in holding preliminary conferences with the German peace commissioners. He said, "The peace commissioners, he said, could not be heralded 'from the house.'"

**BRITISH PROTESTS.**

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The discussions of the Paris conference regarding the future of the former German colonies is being followed with intense interest here. In some sections of the British press, a strong feeling against the British delegation for what the Globe calls "giving away the empire" is being expressed. A great majority of Englishmen, the newspaper says, strongly support Australia's claim to the islands of the Pacific and South Africa's possession of German East Africa.

Indications that the claims of the dominions are not being supported by the British government delegation are causing some alarm. The Morning Post, for example, says: "If the British delegates weakly persist in the attitude that they are not only surrendering the British interests entrusted to them, but they are giving away the empire, the League of Nations might disintegrate the British empire."

**THERE'S ONLY ONE WAY TO GET SKIN.**

Apply Skin Cream, then Skin Skin Powder.—Advertisement.

## WHAT PEACEMAKERS DID YESTERDAY.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The official communication on the peace proceedings today reads: "The President of the United States, the prime ministers and ministers of foreign affairs of the Allied and associated powers, as well as the Japanese representatives, today held two meetings at the Quai d'Orsay, the first from 11 a.m. until 1 p.m. and the second from 2:30 to 6 p.m."

"The exchange of views continued on the German colonies in the Pacific and in Africa. In the presence of the representatives of the dominions and the Italian, French, Minister of the Colonies, and of the Marquis Salvago Raggi (Italy)."

"In the afternoon satisfactory provisional arrangements were reached for dealing with the German colonies and the occupied territory in Turkey in Asia."

"At the afternoon meeting the Belgian delegates were present. MM. Hymans, Vanderveelde and Vanderveelde were accompanied by M. Artiz, who explained the Belgian point of view concerning the Congo."

"It was further decided that the military representatives of the Allied and associated powers at Versailles should be asked to meet at once and report to the committee of the League of Nations and economic distribution among those powers of the burden of supplying the military forces for the purpose of maintaining order in the Turkish empire pending the decisions of the Peace Conference regarding the government of Turkish territory."

"The next session will be held tomorrow at 3 p.m."

## FRENCH CHAFE AT DELAYS.

BY WALTER DURANT.

(ATLANTIC CABLE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

PARIS, Jan. 29.—There is an unmistakable and growing feeling in French circles that the business of the country, including such important questions as reconstruction and the settlement of labor difficulties, is being delayed, not to say suffering, on account of the Peace Conference. A Deputy who has always supported the Clemenceau administration told the correspondent today:

"In a sense, it is highly desirable that the most important representatives of each nation should take part in the conference. Obviously they have full authority and are able to act as their nation's plenipotentiaries. But the delay is caused by the fear of exceeding or disobeying their instructions."

"But on the other hand there is much to be said for the system that obtained in previous international conferences of appointed delegates. These delegates are plenipotentiaries of their nation, and they are able to act as their nation's plenipotentiaries. But the delay is caused by the fear of exceeding or disobeying their instructions."

"The French evidently feel that the national affairs are being neglected here, and has particular interest in the fact that the plenipotentiaries of each nation should take part in the conference. Obviously they have full authority and are able to act as their nation's plenipotentiaries. But the delay is caused by the fear of exceeding or disobeying their instructions."

"In the present juncture conditions are quite different. To take the case of the United States, the plenipotentiaries of each nation should take part in the conference. Obviously they have full authority and are able to act as their nation's plenipotentiaries. But the delay is caused by the fear of exceeding or disobeying their instructions."

**PERSONNEL OF PEACE CONGRESS ANNOUNCED.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The State Department today made public the personnel of the Peace Conference organization as provisionally chosen and now finally formed. The personnel of the conference, as provisionally chosen, and now finally formed, is as follows: President, Woodrow Wilson; Vice President, Georges Clemenceau; Secretary, Robert Lansing; President of the League of Nations, Woodrow Wilson; Secretary of the League of Nations, Robert Lansing; President of the League of Nations, Woodrow Wilson; Secretary of the League of Nations, Robert Lansing.

**BRITISH PROTESTS.**

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The discussions of the Paris conference regarding the future of the former German colonies is being followed with intense interest here. In some sections of the British press, a strong feeling against the British delegation for what the Globe calls "giving away the empire" is being expressed. A great majority of Englishmen, the newspaper says, strongly support Australia's claim to the islands of the Pacific and South Africa's possession of German East Africa.

Indications that the claims of the dominions are not being supported by the British government delegation are causing some alarm. The Morning Post, for example, says: "If the British delegates weakly persist in the attitude that they are not only surrendering the British interests entrusted to them, but they are giving away the empire, the League of Nations might disintegrate the British empire."

**THERE'S ONLY ONE WAY TO GET SKIN.**

Apply Skin Cream, then Skin Skin Powder.—Advertisement.

**THE DAY'S NEWS SUMMED UP.**

**THE SKY.** Cloudy. Wind at 5 p.m., northwesterly, velocity, 20 knots. Thermometer, highest, 65 deg.; lowest, 54 deg. Forecast: Friday, unsettled. Probably showers. For complete weather data see last page of this section.

**THE CITY.** Documentary evidence of a Bolshevik conspiracy to hamstring the citrus industry of Southern California was uncovered by government agents. The first of a number of alleged strike-fomenting letters was received in five minutes. The letters were dealing the unionist doctrine of "peaceful picketing" when the Court of Appeal handed down the decision that there is no such thing. San Diego injunction against picketing was upheld.

Grand jury indicted four persons who have figured in the investigation of spirit mediums and clairvoyants. Ordinance prohibiting fortune telling from practicing here was before the Council.

As an unusual means of settling a controversy between a returned army officer and a woman, it was suggested that their two young daughters decide which parent they wish to live with.

In a cross-complaint to his wife's divorce suit, alleging desertion, a mining millionaire charged her with misconduct at Long Beach with a man he became acquainted with on a charge of violating the drug act.

Employee of a milling company at Oxnard was indicted by the Ventura grand jury on charges of having killed bean growers out of \$25,000 worth of beans.

**SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.** Report of consular officials of vigilance in Pasadena greeted with hilarious joy.

**85c Per Month.** Delivered to subscribers.

## DENMARK ASKS FOR LOST LAND.

Appeal for the Return of Schleswig is Made.

Bismarck's Loot of Early 60's is Peace Problem.

Interest of World Centers in Baltic's Freedom.

BY ARTHUR M. EVANS.

(ATLANTIC CABLE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The restoration to Denmark of Schleswig, Bismarck's loot in the early sixties, is one of the problems before the peace congress. The principles of justice and the right of self-determination promise the settlement of a question which has been a source of trouble and bitterness to the people.

This time the world is interested. From the time of the restoration of Schleswig to the present, the matter of neutralizing the Kiel Canal, the German fleet from the start to the fish of the war was bottled up, and keeping the Baltic Sea from being a German lake. America, with its great Scandinavian population, has an interest in the West, in Minneapolis, and the villages of Minnesota, Nebraska and the Dakotas, as many former Danes who fled from Schleswig to escape the Prussian heel.

From these villages and cities went many Scandinavian-Americans to France under Gen. Pershing, and they are now in the United States, where they are fighting for democracy when they remember Bismarck's theft of six decades ago. Now they are asking that "the day" of restoration is approaching.

Denmark has presented a memorial to the peace congress asking for justice. The Danes are divided, however, on how much of Schleswig should be restored. Schleswig is predominantly Danish. For the most part, the Danes here are farmers, a thrifty element, prosperous but economically depressed. Southern Schleswig is solidly Germanized.

**HOLSTEIN NOT WANTED.**

Even the most extreme nationalists are not in favor of Holstein, as it would bring about one million unemployed. The high cost of living, which caused nine-tenths of the industrial trouble, France feels that once these two points are disposed of and not before, it will be time to regulate the exact status of the trusteeship or sovereignty over the former German colonies or to discuss the intricacies of the League of Nations procedure and organization.

**PERSONNEL OF PEACE CONGRESS ANNOUNCED.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The State Department today made public the personnel of the Peace Conference organization as provisionally chosen and now finally formed. The personnel of the conference, as provisionally chosen, and now finally formed, is as follows: President, Woodrow Wilson; Vice President, Georges Clemenceau; Secretary, Robert Lansing; President of the League of Nations, Woodrow Wilson; Secretary of the League of Nations, Robert Lansing; President of the League of Nations, Woodrow Wilson; Secretary of the League of Nations, Robert Lansing.

**BRITISH PROTESTS.**

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The discussions of the Paris conference regarding the future of the former German colonies is being followed with intense interest here. In some sections of the British press, a strong feeling against the British delegation for what the Globe calls "giving away the empire" is being expressed. A great majority of Englishmen, the newspaper says, strongly support Australia's claim to the islands of the Pacific and South Africa's possession of German East Africa.

Indications that the claims of the dominions are not being supported by the British government delegation are causing some alarm. The Morning Post, for example, says: "If the British delegates weakly persist in the attitude that they are not only surrendering the British interests entrusted to them, but they are giving away the empire, the League of Nations might disintegrate the British empire."

**THERE'S ONLY ONE WAY TO GET SKIN.**

Apply Skin Cream, then Skin Skin Powder.—Advertisement.

**THE DAY'S NEWS SUMMED UP.**

**THE SKY.** Cloudy. Wind at 5 p.m., northwesterly, velocity, 20 knots. Thermometer, highest, 65 deg.; lowest, 54 deg. Forecast: Friday, unsettled. Probably showers. For complete weather data see last page of this section.

**THE CITY.** Documentary evidence of a Bolshevik conspiracy to hamstring the citrus industry of Southern California was uncovered by government agents. The first of a number of alleged strike-fomenting letters was received in five minutes. The letters were dealing the unionist doctrine of "peaceful picketing" when the Court of Appeal handed down the decision that there is no such thing. San Diego injunction against picketing was upheld.

Grand jury indicted four persons who have figured in the investigation of spirit mediums and clairvoyants. Ordinance prohibiting fortune telling from practicing here was before the Council.

As an unusual means of settling a controversy between a returned army officer and a woman, it was suggested that their two young daughters decide which parent they wish to live with.

In a cross-complaint to his wife's divorce suit, alleging desertion, a mining millionaire charged her with misconduct at Long Beach with a man he became acquainted with on a charge of violating the drug act.

Employee of a milling company at Oxnard was indicted by the Ventura grand jury on charges of having killed bean growers out of \$25,000 worth of beans.

**SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.** Report of consular officials of vigilance in Pasadena greeted with hilarious joy.

**85c Per Month.** Delivered to subscribers.

## WILSON HOPES TO VISIT BRUSSELS.

Appeal for the Return of Schleswig is Made.

Bismarck's Loot of Early 60's is Peace Problem.

Interest of World Centers in Baltic's Freedom.

BY ARTHUR M. EVANS.

(ATLANTIC CABLE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The restoration to Denmark of Schleswig, Bismarck's loot in the early sixties, is one of the problems before the peace congress. The principles of justice and the right of self-determination promise the settlement of a question which has been a source of trouble and bitterness to the people.

This time the world is interested. From the time of the restoration of Schleswig to the present, the matter of neutralizing the Kiel Canal, the German fleet from the start to the fish of the war was bottled up, and keeping the Baltic Sea from being a German lake. America, with its great Scandinavian population, has an interest in the West, in Minneapolis, and the villages of Minnesota, Nebraska and the Dakotas, as many former Danes who fled from Schleswig to escape the Prussian heel.

From these villages and cities went many Scandinavian-Americans to France under Gen. Pershing, and they are now in the United States, where they are fighting for democracy when they remember Bismarck's theft of six decades ago. Now they are asking that "the day" of restoration is approaching.

Denmark has presented a memorial to the peace congress asking for justice. The Danes are divided, however, on how much of Schleswig should be restored. Schleswig is predominantly Danish. For the most part, the Danes here are farmers, a thrifty element, prosperous but economically depressed. Southern Schleswig is solidly Germanized.

**HOLSTEIN NOT WANTED.**

Even the most extreme nationalists are not in favor of Holstein, as it would bring about one million unemployed. The high cost of living, which caused nine-tenths of the industrial trouble, France feels that once these two points are disposed of and not before, it will be time to regulate the exact status of the trusteeship or sovereignty over the former German colonies or to discuss the intricacies of the League of Nations procedure and organization.

**PERSONNEL OF PEACE CONGRESS ANNOUNCED.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The State Department today made public the personnel of the Peace Conference organization as provisionally chosen and now finally formed. The personnel of the conference, as provisionally chosen, and now finally formed, is as follows: President, Woodrow Wilson; Vice President, Georges Clemenceau; Secretary, Robert Lansing; President of the League of Nations, Woodrow Wilson; Secretary of the League of Nations, Robert Lansing; President of the League of Nations, Woodrow Wilson; Secretary of the League of Nations, Robert Lansing.

**BRITISH PROTESTS.**

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The discussions of the Paris conference regarding the future of the former German colonies is being followed with intense interest here. In some sections of the British press, a strong feeling against the British delegation for what the Globe calls "giving away the empire" is being expressed. A great majority of Englishmen, the newspaper says, strongly support Australia's claim to the islands of the Pacific and South Africa's possession of German East Africa.

Indications that the claims of the dominions are not being supported by the British government delegation are causing some alarm. The Morning Post, for example, says: "If the British delegates weakly persist in the attitude that they are not only surrendering the British interests entrusted to them, but they are giving away the empire, the League of Nations might disintegrate the British empire."

**THERE'S ONLY ONE WAY TO GET SKIN.**

Apply Skin Cream, then Skin Skin Powder.—Advertisement.

**THE DAY'S NEWS SUMMED UP.**

**THE SKY.** Cloudy. Wind at 5 p.m., northwesterly, velocity, 20 knots. Thermometer, highest, 65 deg.; lowest, 54 deg. Forecast: Friday, unsettled. Probably showers. For complete weather data see last page of this section.

**THE CITY.** Documentary evidence of a Bolshevik conspiracy to hamstring the citrus industry of Southern California was uncovered by government agents. The first of a number of alleged strike-fomenting letters was received in five minutes. The letters were dealing the unionist doctrine of "peaceful picketing" when the Court of Appeal handed down the decision that there is no such thing. San Diego injunction against picketing was upheld.

Grand jury indicted four persons who have figured in the investigation of spirit mediums and clairvoyants. Ordinance prohibiting fortune telling from practicing here was before the Council.

As an unusual means of settling a controversy between a returned army officer and a woman, it was suggested that their two young daughters decide which parent they wish to live with.

In a cross-complaint to his wife's divorce suit, alleging desertion, a mining millionaire charged her with misconduct at Long Beach with a man he became acquainted with on a charge of violating the drug act.

Employee of a milling company at Oxnard was indicted by the Ventura grand jury on charges of having killed bean growers out of \$25,000 worth of beans.

**SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.** Report of consular officials of vigilance in Pasadena greeted with hilarious joy.

**85c Per Month.** Delivered to subscribers.

## CHINA OCCUPIES STAR POSITION.

Appeal for the Return of Schleswig is Made.

Bismarck's Loot of Early 60's is Peace Problem.

Interest of World Centers in Baltic's Freedom.

BY ARTHUR M. EVANS.

(ATLANTIC CABLE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The restoration to Denmark of Schleswig, Bismarck's loot in the early sixties, is one of the problems before the peace congress. The principles of justice and the right of self-determination promise the settlement of a question which has been a source of trouble and bitterness to the people.

This time the world is interested. From the time of the restoration of Schleswig to the present, the matter of neutralizing the Kiel Canal, the German fleet from the start to the fish of the war was bottled up, and keeping the Baltic Sea from being a German lake. America, with its great Scandinavian population, has an interest in the West, in Minneapolis, and the villages of Minnesota, Nebraska and the Dakotas, as many former Danes who fled from Schleswig to escape the Prussian heel.

From these villages and cities went many Scandinavian-Americans to France under Gen. Pershing, and they are now in the United States, where they are fighting for democracy when they remember Bismarck's theft of six decades ago. Now they are asking that "the day" of restoration is approaching.

Denmark has presented a memorial to the peace congress asking for justice. The Danes are divided, however, on how much of Schleswig should be restored. Schleswig is predominantly Danish. For the most part, the Danes here are farmers, a thrifty element, prosperous but economically depressed. Southern Schleswig is solidly Germanized.

**HOLSTEIN NOT WANTED.**

Even the most extreme nationalists are not in favor of Holstein, as it would bring about one million unemployed. The high cost of living, which caused nine-tenths of the industrial trouble, France feels that once these two points are disposed of and not before, it will be time to regulate the exact status of the trusteeship or sovereignty over the former German colonies or to discuss the intricacies of the League of Nations procedure and organization.

**PERSONNEL OF PEACE CONGRESS ANNOUNCED.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The State Department today made public the personnel of the Peace Conference organization as provisionally chosen and now finally formed. The personnel of the conference, as provisionally chosen, and now finally formed, is as follows: President, Woodrow Wilson; Vice President, Georges Clemenceau; Secretary, Robert Lansing; President of the League of Nations, Woodrow Wilson; Secretary of the League of Nations, Robert Lansing; President of the League of Nations, Woodrow Wilson; Secretary of the League of Nations, Robert Lansing.

**BRITISH PROTESTS.**

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The discussions of the Paris conference regarding the future of the former German colonies is being followed with intense interest here. In some sections of the British press, a strong feeling against the British delegation for what the Globe calls "giving away the empire" is being expressed. A great majority of Englishmen, the newspaper says, strongly support Australia's claim to the islands of the Pacific and South Africa's possession of German East Africa.

Indications that the claims of the dominions are not being supported by the British government delegation are causing some alarm. The Morning Post, for example, says: "If the British delegates weakly persist in the attitude that they are not only surrendering the British interests entrusted to them, but they are giving away the empire, the League of Nations might disintegrate the British empire."

**THERE'S ONLY ONE WAY TO GET SKIN.**

Apply Skin Cream, then Skin Skin Powder.—Advertisement.

**THE DAY'S NEWS SUMMED UP.**

**THE SKY.** Cloudy. Wind at 5 p.m., northwesterly, velocity, 20 knots. Thermometer, highest, 65 deg.; lowest, 54 deg. Forecast: Friday, unsettled. Probably showers. For complete weather data see last page of this section.

**THE CITY.** Documentary evidence of a Bolshevik conspiracy to hamstring the citrus industry of Southern California was uncovered by government agents. The first of a number of alleged strike-fomenting letters was received in five minutes. The letters were dealing the unionist doctrine of "peaceful picketing" when the Court of Appeal handed down the decision that there is no such thing. San Diego injunction against picketing was upheld.

Grand jury indicted four persons who have figured in the investigation of spirit mediums and clairvoyants. Ordinance prohibiting fortune telling from practicing here was before the Council.

As an unusual means of settling a controversy between a returned army officer and a woman, it was suggested that their two young daughters decide which parent they wish to live with.

In a cross-complaint to his wife's divorce suit, alleging desertion, a mining millionaire charged her with misconduct at Long Beach with a man he became acquainted with on a charge of violating the drug act.

Employee of a milling company at Oxnard was indicted by the Ventura grand jury on charges of having killed bean growers out of \$25,000 worth of beans.

**SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.** Report of consular officials of vigilance in Pasadena greeted with hilarious joy.

**85c Per Month.** Delivered to subscribers.

## WILSON HOPES TO VISIT BRUSSELS.

Appeal for the Return of Schleswig is Made.

Bismarck's Loot of Early 60's is Peace Problem.

Interest of World Centers in Baltic's Freedom.

BY ARTHUR M. EVANS.

(ATLANTIC CABLE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The restoration to Denmark of Schleswig, Bismarck's loot in the early sixties, is one of the problems before the peace congress. The principles of justice and the right of self-determination promise the settlement of a question which has been a















# YOUNG'S MARKET COMPANY

U. S. FOOD ADMINISTRATION LICENSE G-14834

## SEE THE BIG CHEESE

### 2223 LBS. IN ONE CHEESE

Made in June, 1918 at Lowville, New York.

**THIS MARTIN'S CHEESE** is the best made in America. Order some of this rare old cheese on sale at Peerless Market, Hoover Market, Central and Gladys, 638 Broadway. On exhibition and sale at 212-216 South Spring Street. It will be all sold by February the Fourth.

#### ECONOMY PURCHASES:

**POT ROAST** Your choice Chuck Cuts 20c  
Neck Bone Steer Beef 11c  
**SPARE RIBS** Spare Ribs 11c  
**BOILING BEEF** (steer beef) 19c  
**LAMB ROAST** Genuine Milk Lamb 25c  
Shoulders 25c  
**OYSTERS, N. Y. Counts, Doz.** 30c  
**RABBITS** Fancy Fat Utah Jacks, each 33c

**SPECIAL AT 212-216 S. SPRING**  
Irish Mackerel, 15c; two for 25c  
Del Monte Extra Corn, 21c; dozen \$2.45  
Livingston whole String Beans, 19c; dozen \$2.20  
Royal Ann Cherries, 2 1/2s, 28c; dozen \$3.30  
Mak-A-Kake, 12c; dozen \$1.40  
Cocoa Cream Soap, 5c; case \$5.00  
Rialto Tuna, 1/2s, 18c; dozen \$2.10

638 Broadway 212-216 S. Spring  
Central and Gladys

**Ralph's**  
ESTABLISHED 41 YEARS  
GROCERY CO. INC.  
SELLS FOR LESS

You Save Money While Enjoying the Finest Flavored Tea in the land when you buy

**TREE TEA**  
49c A Pound 16 oz.  
Full Weight  
Half Pound 8 oz. 25c  
Full Weight

YOUR MONEY BACK IF YOU DON'T LIKE IT.  
If You Like BLACK TEA Ask for CEYLON  
If You Like GREEN TEA Ask for JAPAN

**PLAIN WHITE and BRAN BREAD 10c**  
WE DELIVER FREE OF CHARGE IN OUR DELIVERY, Groceries, Meats, Bakery Goods, Fruits and Vegetables.  
ORDER DEPT. West and South Los Angeles—West 650 or 27001.  
East and North Los Angeles—East 2250.  
Corners Union Ave., 23rd and Hoover Sts.  
217-21 S. Spring St. Pasadena Ave. New Mt. at Normandie Ave.  
631-25 S. Spring St. Vermont Ave. at 25th Place.

**Ralph's**  
ESTABLISHED 44 YEARS  
GROCERY CO. INC.  
SELLS FOR LESS

**Producers' Market**

746 - 748 South Spring 749 - 751 South Main  
Raw Leaf Lard ...lb. 28c Fresh Picnics ...lb. 28c  
Veal Roast ...lb. 22c Bacon Squares ...lb. 35c  
Breast of Veal ...lb. 20c Belgian Hares ...lb. 28c  
Legs of Lamb ...lb. 34c Young Hens, each ...97c  
Shoulder Lamb ...lb. 24c New York Oysters, doz. 30c

**Furnaces** Cass, Smurr, Damerel Co.  
412-14 South Broadway

**THE SUNDAY TIMES**  
Is acknowledged to be the Biggest Newspaper in ALL THE WORLD

## MIDDLE WEST NEWS IN BRIEF.

### (EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

**ST. LOUIS, Jan. 30.**—The entire estate of the late William L. Horton, whose will was filed for probate today is bequeathed to his widow. One dollar each is given to his sons. Horton, general superintendent of the Laclede Christy Clay Products Company, was killed January 24 when a train hit his automobile.

An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed in the United States District Court today against the Steinlage Sanitary Milk Company of this city.

The separation of Richard E. Hinrichs, a young stock and bond broker and his wife, Mrs. Marjorie Bell Hinrichs, which has existed since last February 1, is about to be ended, according to relatives and friends of the couple.

### (EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

**MILWAUKEE, Jan. 30.**—Hundreds of affidavits asking that Milwaukee soldiers be released from service to come home to families in dire need of financial assistance have been prepared and forwarded to Washington by the County Council of Defense.

Editor Nieman of the Journal, in testifying in the \$10,000 libel suit of Emil Seidel, first Socialist Mayor, because his picture was printed as being indicted by Federal court for violation of the Espionage Act, testified that the picture was run in error, and that all 160 copies were burned down and reprinted yesterday. He said it was not malice, because of the paper's campaign for loyalty in the State.

Capt. Claude C. Manley, whose wife died of influenza, leaving two small children, while he was in France, returned today. He was discharged because of his loss at home.

The State clay manufacturers in protest against the rise in freights on brick. The association declared there was no chance now for a reduction in prices.

To put soldiers on their feet by offering liberal terms for settlement on over timber lands was the decision of the Homestead and Hardwood Manufacturers of Wisconsin and Northern Michigan in convention here today.

A new school board made a radical series of shifts of veteran principals today, the oldest teachers being affected.

A. D. Campbell, former secretary of the State Advancement Association today lost his second \$25,000 suit for being discharged. The court found there was no malice. He testified the woman he kissed in his office was his fiancée.

Charles F. Hubbard, prominent insurance man, died today of heart trouble after one day's sickness.

A new transportation line, by water, is being organized to operate boats from Milwaukee to Michigan City, Ind., and intermediate points.

### (EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

**INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 30.**—Charles Dennis, veteran newspaper man, died here this afternoon after an illness of several months from dropsy. He was in his seventy-fourth year, but up to a very short time ago had been engaged in active work as a contributor of articles to the News.

The legislative council of Indiana women today endorsed a school attendance officer and mothers' pension bill.

A bill was introduced in the Senate today by Senator McGray of Indianapolis to legalize Sunday movie picture shows in Indiana after 1:30 p.m.

### (EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

**ST. PAUL, Jan. 30.**—St. Paul's most daring thief came home today. Capt. Frederick Judson, who has twenty Boche planes to his credit, arrived to visit his sister Mrs. W. C. Motter.

A decrease in 1918 of \$496,517 in the total earnings of the Twin City Rapid Transit Company and an increase of 15.6 per cent. in the cost

of operation since 1918 was shown in the annual report of the company.

Mayor Hodgson of St. Paul today selected a committee of twenty-five citizens to nominate members for a permanent commission to erect a memorial in honor of the Ramsey county boys who enlisted in the war.

### (EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

**KANSAS CITY, Jan. 30.**—An amendment to the State Constitution which would permit Kansas City to issue bonds and buy the City Street Railway Company is proposed in a resolution introduced in the House of Representatives at Kansas City today.

Gov. Allen of Kansas, in speaking before the City Club today, discussed the charges of twenty-five citizens to nominate members for a permanent commission to erect a memorial in honor of the Ramsey county boys who enlisted in the war.

An official report was read to support former charges that the yard can be made a success.

Mr. Brush quoted Howard Conley, vice-president of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, as saying that Philadelphia could afford to spend \$100,000 to acquire Hog Island and continue its development as the city's great water terminal.

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success.

The dynamiting of street cars by striking car men continues. A Brooklyn-avenue car was dynamited this morning, the first instance of daylight bombing.

### (EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

**MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 30.**—Lieut. Col. Arthur A. Law, commanding officer of the 24th, who saw active service in France for many months, returned home today. The hospital unit, Col. Law said, has been discharged and is expected in this country within three weeks.

Joseph M. Griffith, pioneer settler in St. Anthony, died here yesterday. He was 82 years old.

A new twelve-story office building will be erected by the Chamber of Commerce Building here. The new building will cost \$400,000 and work of wrecking the old building will begin immediately.

Hold-up men who have been running riot here lately had another good night last night. C. W. Pease had his pockets picked for \$570 at a moving-picture show, and when he returned home he found his residence. Many other minor robberies were reported.

### (EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

**DES MOINES NEWS.**  
**DES MOINES, Jan. 30.**—Following strong protests made by insurance agencies here, the Iowa Senate today refused to confirm J. P. Tanne as insurance commissioner. He was accused of insurance men and of incompetency.

Twenty-five thousand people turned out here tonight welcoming the return of the Three Hundred and Thirty-seventh Field Artillery of the United States. One thousand soldiers were in the line of march.

Hundreds of persons owning War Savings Stamps are surrendering them at the postoffice here. To date over \$150,000 worth have been cashed in.

Iowa will grant licenses to all physicians and surgeons commissioned in the army who secured an honorable discharge. Without taking the State examination, according to the provisions of a bill before the Legislature.

Mrs. Aggie Green Clarkson, widow of the late Richard E. Clarkson, first publisher of the Des Moines Register, is dead here. Her husband died in Los Angeles a year ago. Since then she has resided here with a daughter.

A maximum temperature of 62 degrees was reached here today. The first moonshine still in Iowa since the State went dry was discovered today by Sheriff Jones in Woodbury county. The still was located on an island in a lake.

A garnish of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Union was formed here tonight by veterans of the Spanish-American War, Mexican border service men and National Army men.

State secret service men and insurance company representatives are investigating an automobile thieves' insurance agent combine in Iowa, whereby thousands of dollars are swindled from insurance companies on stolen cars. According to investigators, a car is stolen, planted, and then returned or the payment of the reward. Several arrests have been made.

The Three Hundred and Thirty-ninth Field Artillery of the Eighty-eighth Division, composed mostly of Iowa men, will arrive next week at Camp Dodge from overseas for demobilization.

Unless the temperature drops to zero night before long, Iowa will suffer an ice famine this summer. For the past three weeks temperatures have been above freezing and the ice has gone out of all the rivers of the State.

The government reconstruction hospitals at Camp Dodge and Fort Des Moines are to be retained permanently, according to a message from Washington. Several hundred soldiers at both institutions are undergoing treatment. Instruction in different industries is being given to crippled soldiers at the Fort Des Moines Hospital.

Because Mrs. Della Viggers, star witness for the State in the city printing scandal, was brought back from Denver, Colo., while en route to California, on a warrant charging her with conspiracy in the same case, the State's case against Samuel D. Page, head of the alleged printing graft combine, was dismissed today. Mrs. Viggers was Page's book-keeper and paid out the cash for "commissions" on city contracts to City purchasing Agent Ancher. Mrs. Viggers refused to testify and the State lost its case. Ancher was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

Hundreds of Iowa parents are besieging the War Department to bring back the bodies of their sons who were killed in France. Following this request the city and public-spirited citizens are back of a movement to establish a gold star cemetery in the State.

**FLAMES DISTURB WAKE.**  
**CHICAGO, Jan. 30.**—Firemen responding to an alarm of fire last night found a dead man, wrapped in a sheet, laid out on the dining-room table. A party of men and women, who evidently had been holding a wake, had died, leaving their wraps. The firemen put out a small blaze which had broken out in a closet off the dining-room.

If you love children this film is going to charm you. If you haven't felt the thrill of child love yet, here's your opportunity. See "The Mother and the Law," at the Kinema, beginning Sunday.

## HOG ISLAND SHIPYARD IS DEFENDED BY BRUSH

### HEAD OF GREAT COMPANY SAYS IT IS WORTH HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

**WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.**—The Hog Island shipyard, which will cost \$66,000,000 when completed, was defended today before the Senate Commerce Committee by Matt C. Brush, president of the company operating the plant, as "the only way venture where every single penny spent is still good."

"Aside from the shipbuilding facilities," Mr. Brush said, "the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush quoted Howard Conley, vice-president of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, as saying that Philadelphia could afford to spend \$100,000 to acquire Hog Island and continue its development as the city's great water terminal.

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush said the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more than the United States government has invested in it, because it is as good a deep-water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an expert to the fact that the yard can be made a success."

## QUESTED COSTA RICAN HEAD SUED FOR LIBEL.

### CAPITANIST SAYS REPUTATION WAS INJURED BY LETTERS OF EX-PRESIDENT.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

**NEW YORK, Jan. 30.**—Alfredo Gonzalez, formerly President of Costa Rica, was named as defendant in a suit for \$250,000 damages, brought here today by Lincoln G. Valentine, an American capitalist, interested in oil lands and railroads in Central America.

Valentine set forth that his business reputation was injured by a communication sent by Mr. Gonzalez to Chairman Hitchcock of the United States Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs, in which the former President, it is alleged, charged that the coup d'etat of January 27, 1917, which overthrew the Costa Rican government, then in power, was the result of bribery on the part of what he called "the Valentine group."

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

Gonzalez informed Senator Hitchcock, Valentine alleged, that he had a small orchard with a large number of trees, some of which were weighing a little over three tons. The tree from which the fruit was taken is four years old.

G















classified T

**STURBAN PROPERTY**  
For Sale.

...equal in southern California  
...quality of soil, water,  
...Los Angeles. Fine boulevard  
...service; no alkali or ha  
...should see this property, also  
...and potatoes, tomatoes and a  
...and talk to the farmer

...our prices with land  
quality considered. Where ca  
such land for \$300 to \$500.  
Phone or call for appointment  
...  
**ANGEL'S MESA LAND**  
470 N. Hill St.

Los Angeles, Cal.

**A FREE TRIP YOU'LL  
TO HARBOR BOULEVARD**

one of the most attractive  
suburban home places around  
the beautiful homes

district, past exposition  
high school and other points  
a good country dinner and  
lecture—all absolutely  
free us today and arrange  
**WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND**  
leave our offices at  
free to come and bring

00107; Main 2548.  
W. Sixth st. 129 E. Ocean  
3001 Ocean Front, Ocean P.

an acre of level land, com  
and garage. Young bearing fruit  
bale for chickens. Brooder h  
and pens. High and dry  
mountain view; price only  
on this Ramona bargain see  
with JANSSEN CO., 404

**SALE—RANCH, 10 ACRES,**  
on Drive in Los Angeles, on  
Santa Vista Station. Where  
for thousand feet of street  
ornamental lighting system  
Electricity, gas, Owens River

San Gabriel Valley. Can be made  
your money any time. Only  
Breath and Broadway. See C.  
ST. 513 N. W. Hellman Bldg.  
S.A.S.—  
1/4 and acre lots.  
Fine soil, good water.

Easy terms. See our fan  
Vicinity Occidental College  
GLASSELL DEVELOPMENTS  
Bwn 772. 1008 Haas  
SALE— "ARCADIAN ACRES"  
1-acre and 2-acre pieces, right  
at the line. Just east of famous

**SOUTHLAND REALTY CO.**  
415 So  
**SALE—NEAT AND ATTRACTIVE**  
between Alhambra and Monro  
of ground, semi-colonial

chicken yards, gas, electricity,  
and the price is right. D. D. CO  
715 Van  
BILLS—2 1/2-ACRE PLACE WITH  
bungalow, plenty fruit, flow-  
ers, water, gas, near Monrovia

**SOUTHLAND REALTY CORP.**  
413 South  
**SALE - 3 ACRES, IMPROVED.**  
modern home, plenty fruit.

**SOUTHLAND REALTY CORPORATION**  
425  
SALE — ONE ACRE, WITH  
boon, artesian water, pl  
on boulevard, at Bellflower,  
Los Angeles, worth \$1500.

**SALE—ANY REASONABLE OFFER**  
Consists of 4 lots, Long Beach Hqs.

WATER—SEVERAL 5-ACRE TRACTS  
water, San Fernando Valley  
trade. Owners, 607 WRIGHT  
BLDG. 62730.

**ALHAMBRA** — CLOSE-IN ACREAGE,  
improved or unimproved, abut-  
ing near car line; acre \$800. Phone  
9434

**Aracelia.**  
SALE—ON EASY TERMS, 10 AC  
Anita avenue, Aracelia, with

**Beverly.**  
**SALE—CHOICE ONE HUNDRED AND**  
 at the head of Coldwater Canyon  
 and building sites. For a  
 only.

**Glendale.**  
SALES—SEE THOSE LARGE FOOTING  
North Glendale; close in; all city  
high class homes; some more  
Liberal discount for cash.

**Gardens.**  
**SALE—1-ACRE LOT IN GARDEN**  
 for quick sale. Good garden  
 Going away, want to dispose of

**Highland Park.**  
SALT—A WELL-BUILT 5-ROOM HOUSE  
on 5th Ave. Highland Park. High-  
ly desirable location; house cost  
only \$7000 to \$8000.

**Inglewood.**  
**SALE—2 1/2 ACRES, 3-ROOM HOUSE.**  
 75-ft. brooder-house, room for 300  
 in different fruit trees, on boulev  
 American

**Lankershim.**  
HALF-ACRE LOT, RIGHT IN L.  
only 2 1/2 blocks from Lank. storm.  
etc.; 30 peach trees; only \$350.  
6243 Hollywood bl.

**Monrovia.**  
**SALE OR EXCHANGE—1½ ACRES**  
 Improvements, complete. 6-room  
 house, small house in rear, with or  
 without stock. Pay to invest  
 in place wanted on cash.

OWENSMOUTH, OF BOX 488.  
LARGE LOTS, 75x200, MON  
523 EXCHANGE BLDG., I. A.

---

Owensmouth.  
3 LOTS, 50x150, CENTRAL

**Ramona Acres.**  
**SALE—AT RAMONA, 4-ROOM HOUSE**  
 on block to car, street paved; 20  
 mt.; \$2100; \$200 down, \$10 per month  
 with full-bearing walnut trees,  
 down, \$10 per month.

AT POMONA, 4-ROOM HOUSE,  
back to car; street paved; 20 minutes  
down, \$10 per month; also has  
bearing walnut trees, \$1500, small  
down, \$10 per month. 400 CENTRAL.

**Sale — HOMELIKE RESIDENCE.**  
All large and cheerful; fine view  
over two hundred; valued at nine thou-  
sand. Owners anxious to sell, make offer.  
Place, 1807 DIAMOND AVE.

**Sunland.**  
**SALE—FREE LEASE WORTH \$3000**  
 of part 27 acres, for its development  
 without ranch. State Highway, in  
 lot 101, 53409.

20 full bearing assorted  
2-story plastered house,  
and fenced yard. Land  
WM. F. HATFIELD, 14  
Trail avenue, Sierra Madre.

**PROPERTY—**  
**For Sale.**  
— TWO LOTS, SOUTH FRONT  
STREETS PAVED. ON  
PIER AND THE NEW RESORT  
COST A MU

PRICE \$15,000. \$5000 UNDER VALUATION WILL BE OF GREAT INTEREST TO MUNN. HOTEL MUNN, 438 S. OF LOS ANGELES. PHONE PICO 3288.

For Sale.  
ONE-ROOM HOUSE FOR SALE.  
For any information at 318 W. 27th St.















# PROTHY DIX TALKS

## The Saving Grace.

BY DOROTHY DIX.

"My dear," said an old woman to a bride, "there is just one genuine, reliable, blow-in-the-glass, follow-the-rule-and-you-cannot-fail-for-retaining-a-husband's-affection-and-making-matrimony-a-grand-sweet-song, and it is this: be pleasant to live with."

"All the other dope on the subject is bunk and humbug, and false prophecies, generally, that fail you in your hour of need."

"Very few women have ever found this out. As a rule, wives pin their faith to one of two theories. They either go in for doing their duty as wives, or keeping young and beautiful, and as husband pacifiers neither of these theories work."

"No man ever fell in love with a woman for her virtues, or kept in love with her because she continued to practice them. Furthermore, no woman can do her full duty towards her husband without making him hate her. No other human being is so irritating as a paragon, and no woman can take a shorter cut to the divorce court than to enter into matrimony with the settled determination than to run her husband and her home on the higher life schedule."

"For a woman to expect to keep her husband in love with her by keeping young and beautiful and maintaining the waist line of 29 is equally hopeless. It simply cannot be done. Time, work and worry are bound to rob the cheeks of its roses and the hair of its gold or jet, and turn the figure into a feather bed or a skeleton."

"No matter how frantically a woman holds on to her youth, or how artfully she seeks to camouflage its loss, there is bound to come the inevitable hour when she has to face the fact that she is no longer a good-looking, but a has-been."

"Where is she then if her only hold on her husband is a corset string? She is doomed for the scrap heap, for being married doesn't impair a man's eyesight, and he is bound to see that every young girl who crosses his path is a living picture that puts his wife into the chrome class."

"But it is far otherwise with her if she has had sense enough to perceive that a man doesn't care whether a woman does her duty by him or not, so long as she surrounds him with love and admiration. Nor does he care whether she is fat or thin, old or young, beautiful or homely, so long as she is interesting and agreeable and makes his home the pleasantest spot on earth to him."

"It isn't the cold cream jar, but the warm heart and hearty that preserves a husband's love. It isn't the maid's hands, but the glad hand that a man wants to hold, and if women would only remember this and spend more time in reducing their nagging and fault finding, and less in reducing their hips, we should hear less of men who had left their wives and strayed off after other girls."

"So if you want to be happy through married and keep your husband in love with you, be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

"Be pleasant to live with."

## NO MEN TO MARRY!

All Right to Die for France; Live for French Girls—Oh!

A fear that marriages in Los Angeles, which showed a falling off of over 500 last year, may slump still further during 1919 is expressed by a correspondent who signs her full name, but asks that only the initials be used. The initials are L. M. H., and as nothing is said about leaving out the address, it may be set down for the sake of exactitude that it is No. 8065 Burlington avenue.

The fear voiced by L. M. H. brings up, indeed, a problem of not a little interest to American young women who have taken the affirmative in the recent discussion as to whether or not women should retire from industry to the home. For how can a young woman retire to the home if the available supply of husbands is so cut down by French marriages that there are not enough to go round to make homes? And this is the crux of Lucile's—beg pardon, L. M. H.'s—dilemma. She protests, in effect, that though the women of America were willing to give up their sons and their sweethearts to die (if necessary) for France, they decidedly objected to send sons, and especially sweethearts, living for French girls.

In Lucile's own words: "There has been so much discussion about our boys marrying French girls that I think it is time we American girls should defend ourselves. I defy any one to say that the French girl is better than the American girl. What would the French girl think if their government had occasion to send 1,000,000 or more of the best of their men over here, and the American girls should throw themselves on the market and start to marry their sweethearts? I know one American girl who married a Frenchman. Now she has a little boy, and he is very, very dark complexioned. Do our American boys want children like that? I think the American boy owes it to the American girl to come back to his own kind. I would like to hear some other American girls' opinions of the matter. I think they will agree with me."

The case as Lucile states it is not without its ominous possibilities, yet it is not hopeless. If the young American girl brings her French bride over here to live, she may not be permanently happy, because women cling closer to environment than men do. They are harder to uproot, as it were, and to make thrive as exotics. So, as the discontent grows, the husbands will become impatient with their chafing. The divorce court, so much more conveniently operated by us than by the French, will play its part. The bride will return to France, and the American girl will have her chance, after all. Better still, she will get a house-broken spouse and will be saved all the bother of the first training that would have fallen on her shoulders if she had wedded him when he was new to the game.

However, this altogether delightful and happy solution of the new problem of our unmarried women may not always be attained. The American young man is temperamentally an adaptable person. Given

meeting with an equally adaptable young Franciscan, and the accident of environment may not matter at all. Especially is this likely to be the result if the American doesn't bring his bride immediately to America but settles down to rebuild France for a while.

UNCLE DAVID.

Roosters vs. Dogs.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 29.—[To the Editor of The Times:] Good for Mr. Morrow, about roosters vs. dogs. Every chicken serves its purpose, but show me—if any one can—what good a howling dog does. I believe with Dr. Harvey Wiley and numerous others who advocate the killing of dogs. Sentiment has little place when starvation confronts a world.

JOHN J. MONG.

## She Used Perfume for the Flu - - - By Fontaine Fox.



meeting with an equally adaptable young Franciscan, and the accident of environment may not matter at all. Especially is this likely to be the result if the American doesn't bring his bride immediately to America but settles down to rebuild France for a while.

UNCLE DAVID.

Roosters vs. Dogs.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 29.—[To the Editor of The Times:] Good for Mr. Morrow, about roosters vs. dogs. Every chicken serves its purpose, but show me—if any one can—what good a howling dog does. I believe with Dr. Harvey Wiley and numerous others who advocate the killing of dogs. Sentiment has little place when starvation confronts a world.

JOHN J. MONG.

## IS ACCUSED AS DOUBLE SLAYER.

Man Awaiting Trial in East Also Wanted Here.

Motorcycle Officer's Murder is Local Charge.

Only First-Degree Verdict to Stop Extradition.

James Burchill, alias Lawrence, alias Darwin, 40 years old, will be brought to Los Angeles to face trial for the alleged slaying of motorcycle Officer Thomas Kronschable, in case he is convicted of anything but first-degree murder at Pittsburgh, Pa., where he is now awaiting trial for a murder committed in the East.

This was the statement made yesterday by Captain of Detectives George K. Home on his return from a two weeks' tour of investigation, during which time he questioned Burchill in the Allegheny house of detention. Burchill tried to evade answering questions regarding the charges against him here, and told the detective captain he would fight extradition if he should be acquitted of the charges against him in Pennsylvania. He was arrested in the East on October 4, charged with killing a man who interfered between Burchill and a woman.

Burchill is wanted in Los Angeles for the slaying on December 15, 1916, of Officer Kronschable, who was shot and killed near Twenty-fourth and Main streets when he attempted to arrest a man supposed to be Burchill, for a traffic violation. At the time Burchill is said to have had a young girl in the car, supposedly for improper purposes, but he is said to have released her after the shooting.

During Capt. Home's two weeks' trip he visited Cincinnati, New Orleans and other cities in the East and South. He also went to Juarez, Mex., to confer with the authorities there regarding a recent murder case.

TO RECOVER FUNDS.

T. Dwight Bridgen, and Helen L. and Mary E. Galbreth, the latter minors, petitioned the court yesterday for a writ of mandate to compel the county to pay out of the general fund a judgment of \$1388.99 against the Fair Oaks Protection District. It is set up that the court held that the assessment against the land of the petitioners was illegal. There was no money in the Fair Oaks Protection District fund, it is alleged, and the only remedy is to recover the judgment from the county.

CITY NOT RESPONSIBLE.

Holding that the city is not responsible for an accident in a municipal playground that it would be for an accident in a public park, the State Supreme Court yesterday affirmed the judgment of the Los Angeles Superior Court in favor of the defendant, in an action brought by W. H. Keller, administrator of the estate of Byron H. Keller, to recover damages on account of injuries sustained by young Keller while playing in the municipal playground in San Bernardino county. Young Keller had an arm broken and for this the action to recover was brought.

Cash Paid For All Issues Of LIBERTY BONDS

Upon Presentation

A. H. WOOLACOTT.

Member Los Angeles and San Francisco Stock Exchanges

221-223 L. W. Hoffman Building.



Lieut. Alva E. Loomis.

## NAVAL HONORS FOR DEAD LIEUTENANT.

BODY BROUGHT HERE FROM LOWER CALIFORNIA WILL BE BURIED TODAY.

With a full naval guard of eighty men, in command of Capt. Shackford of the Naval Reserve Station at San Pedro, the body of Lieut. Alva E. Loomis, U.S.N., which arrived at San Pedro from Lower California yesterday, will be taken from the Connell undertaking parlor, 1239 South Hope street, at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Interment will be in the family plot in Inglewood cemetery.

Lieut. Loomis, who was 24 years old and lived at 221 West Second street with his mother, Mrs. Alice G. Loomis, died on January 24 on board the cruiser Bay Ocean, while off the coast of Lower California. The body was buried near La Paz, Mexico, but was later exhumed and returned here.

Lieut. Loomis enlisted in the navy over a year ago and worked his way up from the ranks. He was expecting his appointment as captain in a short time when he died following an attack of influenza. Before his enlistment Lieut. Loomis was an automobile salesman in this city. He is survived by his mother and three sisters, Mrs. Harry Tuttle, Mrs. Fred Dickey and Mrs. Grace Crawford, as well as a brother, Lloyd E. Loomis.

## EMPLOYER WHO HIT EMPLOYEE MUST PAY.

Julius Leventhal, a merchant of this city, must pay Leon Blomberg a judgment of \$5000, awarded by the local Superior Court, according to a decision handed down yesterday by the State Supreme Court. Blomberg was a clerk employed in the Leventhal establishment, and trouble arose between the proprietor of the place and himself in regard to a bill of goods that a customer had returned to the record shows that Leventhal struck Blomberg on the side of his face with his fist, and it was testimony of physicians that he suffered concussion of the brain. The court holds that the verdict was not excessive, in view of the extent of the injuries suffered by Blomberg.

## LETTERS TO "THE TIMES."

[The Times invites strong, clear, bright expression of opinion on current subjects. Letters, questions and queries should be kept in proper perspective. Letters should be sent to the Editor of The Times, 1111 Broadway, New York, N. Y. Letters will not be published unless they are signed, and the signature of the writer is a part of the letter. Letters should be sent to the Editor of The Times, 1111 Broadway, New York, N. Y. Letters will not be published unless they are signed, and the signature of the writer is a part of the letter. Letters should be sent to the Editor of The Times, 1111 Broadway, New York, N. Y. Letters will not be published unless they are signed, and the signature of the writer is a part of the letter.]

### Are There Medical Bandits?

SANTA BARBARA, Jan. 28.—[To the Editor of The Times:] If there is one thing more than another concerning which the human race, as a whole, is both ignorant and woefully careless, it is the general repair and upkeep of the house it lives in—the human body.

Sooner or later, the neglected structure becomes unclean, a harbor of disease. This condition is no longer within the reach of the fundamentals that have been a part of our early education, and we must consequently place ourselves in the hands of those who have made the study of the correction of disease their life work.

And here let us pause. Too much importance cannot be attached to the selection of one's physician. The following incident illustrates an evil which is only too prevalent today:

A young girl, suffering from an acute ailment, more or less trivial in character, consulted a physician, who informed her that her only escape from surgery depended upon her acceptance of fifteen treatments, two each week, at \$5 each. In great distress, both because of the supposed gravity of her ailment and the charge quoted, she consulted a friend, who, fortunately, directed her to a reputable physician, who treated her for a short time, giving her complete relief, for which a bill of \$10 was rendered.

It is not high time that a note of warning be sounded against this refined type of highway robber, who, masked with the credentials of the medical profession, confronts us with the proposition of his confederates of the bandit world—"Your money or your life?"

Be it said to the credit of the truly ethical members of the medical profession that there has been no other calling in which dollars and cents have borne so remote a relation to value received.

Let us hope that the day may not be far distant when the profession, as a whole, will take steps to rid itself of these "highwaymen," who not only prey upon the minds, bodies and purses of their unwitting victims, but who serve to brand with distrust a profession whose honor and dignity should be second to none.

MRS. L. E. SHUMARD.

Dr. Peters on Prevention.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 29.—[To the Editor of The Times:] In the Times of January 29 there was a letter signed by an M. D., which fear will inflict untold misery on the already burdened community.

The doctor, who is a member of their handkerchiefs and persons with their favorite perfume. He opined that strong odors would kill insects and the use of strong odors why wouldn't they kill the unusual germ?

Dr. Peters on Prevention.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 29.—[To the Editor of The Times:] In the Times of January 29 there was a letter signed by an M. D., which fear will inflict untold misery on the already burdened community.

The doctor, who is a member of their handkerchiefs and persons with their favorite perfume. He opined that strong odors would kill insects and the use of strong odors why wouldn't they kill the unusual germ?

Dr. Peters on Prevention.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 29.—[To the Editor of The Times:] In the Times of January 29 there was a letter signed by an M. D., which fear will inflict untold misery on the already burdened community.

The doctor, who is a member of their handkerchiefs and persons with their favorite perfume. He opined that strong odors would kill insects and the use of strong odors why wouldn't they kill the unusual germ?

Dr. Peters on Prevention.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 29.—[To the Editor of The Times:] In the Times of January 29 there was a letter signed by an M. D., which fear will inflict untold misery on the already burdened community.

The doctor, who is a member of their handkerchiefs and persons with their favorite perfume. He opined that strong odors would kill insects and the use of strong odors why wouldn't they kill the unusual germ?

Dr. Peters on Prevention.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 29.—[To the Editor of The Times:] In the Times of January 29 there was a letter signed by an M. D., which fear will inflict untold misery on the already burdened community.

The doctor, who is a member of their handkerchiefs and persons with their favorite perfume. He opined that strong odors would kill insects and the use of strong odors why wouldn't they kill the unusual germ?







## IMPETUS GIVEN TERMINAL PL

**Savings Would Justify Spending of Six Million**

**Suggests Santa Fe Station Temporary Union Dep.**

Savings affected by the "passenger" strike between Los Angeles and Salt Lake City, and the discontinuance of the former route of its Pasadena branch, would justify the expenditure of \$6,000,000 here for the unification of passenger service, according to a supplemental report by Engineer Richard Sachs of the Santa Fe.

ate Railroad Commission  
Los Angeles union station  
which was forwarded yester  
Director-General Walker D  
of the Railroad Administration  
"Partial unification of Los  
Angeles passenger facilities by di  
all Salt Lake passenger tr  
to the Santa Fe station," is  
particular feature of the com  
man's recommendation, as set  
the letter transmitting the r  
Mr. Hines.

**FINAL REPORT SOON.**

"Complete unification, at  
me," says the report, "is not  
considered advisable for the following  
principal reasons: This commission  
report on the Los Angeles t  
eration problem is very near  
ation; a permanent solution  
is certain, would be much sup  
and much preferred by all

tion: It is also an important factor in this connection that the payment of all capital expenditures at the absolute minimum as an essential measure of war emergency is now no longer imperative. "We believe, therefore, that not necessary nor in the interests of the railroads or the city of Chicago to press at this moment for a complete temporary

That a total of \$259,234 could be paid the railroads annually by "leasing" of the Salt Lake Northern Pacific tracks between Ogden and Colton, the discontinuance of the Salt Lake's Pasadena and Glendale services, and the conversion of switching on Alameda street, is the commission's estimate independent of the last-named, saving would be \$213,746, or sufficient to justify a capital expenditure of \$6,000,000 for passenger service unification here, the railroad says.

**THEY OPPOSE IT.** The Railroad Commission's plan to use the Santa Fe as a joint terminal for the proposed new passenger line has met the opposition of local engineers, who oppose the recommendation on the score that it entails a loss during the probable years of Federal control, requiring large expenditure to put it in shape and would also result in abandonment of the Southern Pacific and the construction of an temporary structure at a cost of \$24,000.

The Santa Fe site plan would provide complete unification by bringing Southern Pacific and Lake passenger trains into Santa Fe Station via Santa Fe tracks on the west bank of the Los Angeles river, according to local engineers. The estimated loss of \$165,220. The

estimated by Engineer Sacke would amount to \$24,965 yearly. Estimated by the railroad engineers, however, if the Interstate Commerce Commission were to take over and the assumed two percent Federal control, the result would be to show a saving of approximately \$65,482 a year. The cost of the proposed plan is \$162,862 a year.

The railroad engineers' chief objection, however, to the commission plan, is aimed at the Interstate Commerce Commission's method of handling the financial plan.

Engineer Sacke declares it is not a matter of auditing and police, but of the destruction of the abominable Interstate Commerce Commission's Depot as a place where the property is being stored.

The cost of the plan is \$1,923,000, and charges against the sum the cost of making the plan work, which he estimates at \$140,000.

***Staub's  
the Popular  
Boot Shop***

**for Men**

—Backed by almost a quarter century's experience in catering to the most critical patronage of Los Angeles.

—Located conveniently for busy men

—708 S. Broadway.

Specializing in men's shoes at \$5, \$6.50, \$7.50 and \$8.50.

Distributors for Hestron shoes and for Anatomic shoes for men and for women.

**Staub's**

BOOT SHOP FOR MEN  
708 S. Broadway  
Los Angeles, Calif.

**S**















We own and offer, subject to prior sale:—

**MUNICIPAL AND DISTRICT BONDS**

over three points and Marine pf. almost as much. Motors and their subsidiaries were the main beneficiaries and final touch gain in that subdivision extending from 1½ for Studebaker, to 2 for General Motors, and 3½ for Kelly-Springfield tire.

Wool and leather pf. gave further accumulation and tobaccos, coppers, distilling shares, sugars and local utilities were intermittently active.

On the 15th, the market was 10 points on announcement of the regular dividend. Sales amounted to 455,000 shares.

The 15th of the bond list was steady on light trading. Liberty issues shading nominally. International bonds were devoid of feature, Paris 6s for-

Final prices on Liberty Bonds today were 3.95, 4.05. First convertible 4s, 93.20; second 4s, 93.06. First convertible 4 1/4s, 95.50; second convertible 4 1/4s, 94.62; third 4 1/4s, 95.40; fourth 4 1/4s, 94.40.

## FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER.  
 Los Angeles, Jan. 31, 1919.

Bank clearings yesterday were \$1,155,188.19, an increase of \$4,000 over the corresponding day last year.

	1918.	1917.
Monday	\$5,461,620.94	\$4,920,848.87
Tuesday	\$5,862,629.70	\$4,174,818.49
Wednesday	\$5,862,629.70	\$4,174,818.49
Thursday	\$5,862,629.70	\$4,174,818.49
Friday	\$5,862,629.70	\$4,174,818.49
Saturday	\$5,862,629.70	\$4,174,818.49
Sunday	\$5,862,629.70	\$4,174,818.49
Total	\$5,862,629.70	\$4,174,818.49

Wednesday	3,586.25	4,653,177.86	4,708,822.63
Thursday	3,315,182.18	4,112,542.53	4,706,840.57

### LOCAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

(Following were the closing prices and sales, as posted yesterday at the Stock Exchange, ground floor, 1 W. Belmont Building.)

	Bid.	Asked.
Citizens' National Bank.....	\$240.00	\$255.00
Commercial National Bank.....	200.00	200.00
First National Merchants' Nat.....	270.00	270.00
First National.....	682.00	620.00
Guaranty Tr. & Sav.....	220.00	230.00
Industrial Bank & Trust.....	150.00	160.00
Merchants' National.....	200.00	210.00
Security Tr. & Sav. Bank.....	350.00	355.00
Union Bank & Trust.....	175.00	180.00
U. S. National Bank.....	155.00	200.00

<b>BOND LIST.</b>		<b>Ashed.</b>
(With Accrued Interest.)		
	<b>86½</b>	
California Petroleum Co.....	80	
Associated .....	97½	94½
American Petroleum Corp.....	97½	100
California Water Co.....	97½	
Holloway & Co.....	96¼	
Edison Elec. Co., old issue.....	96¼	
" " new.....	96¼	92
Home Tel. Co., 1st Mo'dg.....	95	91
" " 2d ".....	95	91
L. A. Electric Co.....	92¾	
" Gas & Elec. Co.....	87½	
L. A. Pac. Ry. & N. O. Ry.....	87½	
L. A. & P. Pasadena Elec. Ry.....	86¼	90
" " Newlands.....	86¼	90
L. A. E. R. Ry. Corp.....	76	
Pacific Electric Ry. California.....	75½	
" Light & Power Co.....	75½	81
Pacific .....	90	
Pasadena Home Tel. & T. Co.....	87½	85
Prod. & Refining Co.....	82	
S. Monica Bay H. T. Co.....	90	
Union Transp. Co.....	93½	96½

U. S. L. D. T. & T. Co.....	80	80%
Visalia Water Co.....	58	....
<b>LIBERTY BONDS.</b>		
	<b>Bid.</b>	<b>Asked.</b>
1st Liberty Loan 3 1/2s, 1917.	98 1/2	....
1st Liberty Loan Conv. 4s, 1917 .....	92 1/2	....
2nd Liberty Loan 4s, 1917.	92 1/2	....
1st Liberty Loan Conv. 4 1/2s.	92 1/2	....

1918		96	.....
2d Liberty Loan		97	.....
3d " "		98	.....
4th " "		99	.....
5th " "		100	.....
6th " "		101	.....
7th " "		102	.....
8th " "		103	.....
9th " "		104	.....
10th " "		105	.....
11th " "		106	.....
12th " "		107	.....
13th " "		108	.....
14th " "		109	.....
15th " "		110	.....
16th " "		111	.....
17th " "		112	.....
18th " "		113	.....
19th " "		114	.....
20th " "		115	.....
21st " "		116	.....
22nd " "		117	.....
23rd " "		118	.....
24th " "		119	.....
25th " "		120	.....
26th " "		121	.....
27th " "		122	.....
28th " "		123	.....
29th " "		124	.....
30th " "		125	.....
31st " "		126	.....
32nd " "		127	.....
33rd " "		128	.....
34th " "		129	.....
35th " "		130	.....
36th " "		131	.....
37th " "		132	.....
38th " "		133	.....
39th " "		134	.....
40th " "		135	.....
41st " "		136	.....
42nd " "		137	.....
43rd " "		138	.....
44th " "		139	.....
45th " "		140	.....
46th " "		141	.....
47th " "		142	.....
48th " "		143	.....
49th " "		144	.....
50th " "		145	.....
51st " "		146	.....
52nd " "		147	.....
53rd " "		148	.....
54th " "		149	.....
55th " "		150	.....
56th " "		151	.....
57th " "		152	.....
58th " "		153	.....
59th " "		154	.....
60th " "		155	.....
61st " "		156	.....
62nd " "		157	.....
63rd " "		158	.....
64th " "		159	.....
65th " "		160	.....
66th " "		161	.....
67th " "		162	.....
68th " "		163	.....
69th " "		164	.....
70th " "		165	.....
71st " "		166	.....
72nd " "		167	.....
73rd " "		168	.....
74th " "		169	.....
75th " "		170	.....
76th " "		171	.....
77th " "		172	.....
78th " "		173	.....
79th " "		174	.....
80th " "		175	.....
81st " "		176	.....
82nd " "		177	.....
83rd " "		178	.....
84th " "		179	.....
85th " "		180	.....
86th " "		181	.....
87th " "		182	.....
88th " "		183	.....
89th " "		184	.....
90th " "		185	.....
91st " "		186	.....
92nd " "		187	.....
93rd " "		188	.....
94th " "		189	.....
95th " "		190	.....
96th " "		191	.....
97th " "		192	.....
98th " "		193	.....
99th " "		194	.....
100th " "		195	.....
101st " "		196	.....
102nd " "		197	.....
103rd " "		198	.....
104th " "		199	.....
105th " "		200	.....
106th " "		201	.....
107th " "		202	.....
108th " "		203	.....
109th " "		204	.....
110th " "		205	.....
111th " "		206	.....
112th " "		207	.....
113th " "		208	.....
114th " "		209	.....
115th " "		210	.....
116th " "		211	.....
117th " "		212	.....
118th " "		213	.....
119th " "		214	.....
120th " "		215	.....
121st " "		216	.....
122nd " "		217	.....
123rd " "		218	.....
124th " "		219	.....
125th " "		220	.....
126th " "		221	.....
127th " "		222	.....
128th "			

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated Oil .....	\$ 59.00	\$ 60.00
American Crude Oil .....	14	18
Associated Oil .....	71.00	72.25
Brookshire Oil .....	.69	
Central .....	.62	
Columbia .....	1.10	
Continental Oil .....	.10	.20
Enso Oil Co. ....	94 1/2	.00
Exxon Oil .....		

General Petroleum	136.00		
General Petroleum Receipts	3.78	4.00	
Gas	10		
Gasoline	10	11	
Macdon Oil Co.	1.00		
Newbury National	1.00		
Mt. Diablo O. M. & A. Co.	1.77		
North American Oil Co.	.00%	.04	
Oil	1.00		
Oil Lands Co. (Oil)	.25	.28	
Premier Oil Co.	.32		
Rocky Mountain	1.00		
Traders' Oil Co.	60.00		
Union	117.25	117.02	
United	1.00		
West Coast Oil paid	95.00		
Western Union	150.00		
Yukon Star Oil	.05	.10	
<b>MINING LIST.</b>			
	Bid.	Askd.	
Adams Mining Co.	5.00%	.05	
Arizona Com Road.	.06	.05	
Arizona Com Road.	.06	.07	

[illegible]

008 Jm Jim Con. Mining at .07%: 6500 do. 1  
009 2000 do. at .08%: 5000 do. at .08%: 400  
010 Gold Mining at .25: 300 Columbia at 1.10:  
009 Gold Ore Mining at .03%: 1900 L. A. In-  
vestment at .43: 4 \$100 Ist Liberty Loan 3%  
1917, at .85%: 1 \$50 do. 1st 95%: 1 \$50  
Liberty Loan Con. 1917, at .92%: 1 \$50  
and Liberty Loan 4s, 1917, at .92%: 7 \$100 do.  
1st 92%: 1 \$100 do. cash, at .92%: 1 \$50 Ist  
Liberty Loan Con. 4%<sub>s</sub>, 1918, at .95: 1 \$1000  
and Liberty Loan Con. 4%<sub>s</sub>, 1918, at .94%: 2  
\$100 do. at .94: 2 \$50 do. at .94: 3 \$500 3rd Lib-  
erty Loan 4%<sub>s</sub>, 1918, at 1.00: 1 \$1000  
\$50 do. at .94%: 1 \$1000 do. at .94%: 9 \$100

at 95; 2 500 do. at 95; 21 5100 4th Liberty  
man 414 at 9350; 5 11000 do. at 944; 2 3500  
do. at 94; 1 550 do. at 934; 1 5100 do. cash.  
1 450 do. at 944; 4 325 do. at 944; 7 1000 do. at 94  
1 550 do. at 94; 204 Mass. 10. 1 67; 200  
Nevada Mining at .05; 100 Tum Lead at 1.72;  
1000 do. at 1.724; 200 do. at 1.73; 100 do. at  
1.734; 200 do. at 1.74; 200 United Eastern at  
20; 300 do. S. 5. at 4.80; 20 Union Oil at  
11.75; 3 do. Ret. at 11.75; 2 do. Ret. at  
11.80; 1000 Yellow Pine S. 1.104; 500 do. at  
13.  
Informal: 2500 Big Jim Com. Mining R. 30. at  
94.5; 1000 United Eastern S. 4.25; 5 1000 do.

Afternoon session: 1000 Adams Mining at 25; 1000 Black Hawk Tungsten 8, 7, at .60; 600 big Jim Con. Mining at .085; 6000 do at .085; General Trollem at 150; 250 Liberty Loan 3 1/2% at 95; 250 Liberty Loan 4% at 94; 1 \$50 1st Liberty Loan Conv. 4s, at 92 1/2; 17 \$100 2nd Liberty Loan 4s, at 92; 2 \$50 do, at 92 1/2; 2 \$100 1st Liberty Loan Conv. 4 1/2s, 1918, at 95; 6 \$100 2d Liberty Loan Conv. 4 1/2s, 1918, at 94; 2 \$50 1st Liberty Loan 4 1/2s, 1918, at 95; 2 \$50 do, at 95; 2 \$500 do, at 95; 26 \$100 4th Liberty Loan 4 1/2s at 95; 2 \$500 do, at 95.

**We Own and Offer Sub**

100 Shares Union Sugar Co. ....

**BAYLY BRO**

**Bonds.**

66026

..... 37¼

**OTHERS**

803 Security Bldg.

**Wm. R. Staats Co.,** DEALERS IN MUNICIPAL AND BOND  
CORPORATION  
LOS ANGELES PARADENA SAN FRANCISCO

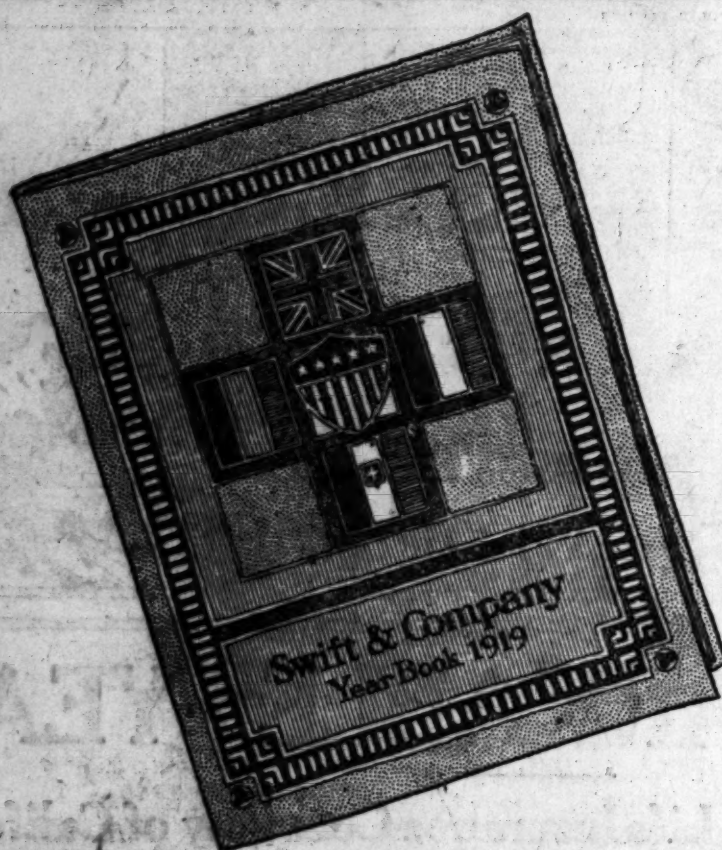
**Stephens & Company** INVESTMENT SECURITIES  
2nd Floor Mer. Nat'l Bank Bldg.

[illegible]









## Do You Want to Know Both Sides?

Swift & Company's 1919 Year Book, just out, tells you

What Swift & Company's profits were in 1918, The truth about the Federal Trade Commission's investigation, Why the prices of butter and eggs are so high, And many other vital facts.

Whether or not you agree with us after reading this Year Book you will at least know both sides.

You will find it interesting; Americans like to hear about big things done in a big way.

You will also discover that we are merely human beings like yourself, doing in the best possible way a necessary service.

Legislation is pending in Washington; as a good American citizen you want to know both sides of this question. It concerns you, as well as one of the most important industries in the country.

Do not hesitate to send for a copy of this booklet. Your name and address are all we need.

Address Swift & Company, Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Los Angeles Local Branch, 922-28 E. First St.  
O. L. Galbreth, Manager



## "Saves Them Both" Was the Slogan We Adopted

for this Wonderful Cereal Food During the Period of the War. And While it is Just As True NOW as It Was THEN and the Saving of Wheat and Sugar by the Daily Use of FRUITED OATS in Place of a Wheat Cereal Has Been Enormous, ————— We Now Want Every Man, Woman and Child in the Country to try

## Fruited Wheat

A SCIENTIFIC COMBINATION OF FIGS, DATES, RAISINS AND SELECTED WHOLE WHEAT

If you want to experience a real, genuine treat you will lose no time ordering a package of both FRUITED WHEAT and FRUITED OATS from your nearest grocer. They're the tastiest, most economical cereals ever offered to the public. They will win you instantly.

"Sweetened with Luscious Fruits"

**EAST SIDE BEER**  
AS IN THE PAST—STILL UNSURPASSED

## SAY NEW RATES WILL RUIN 'EM.

Strong Protest by Shippers Against Rail Raises.

City will be Hard Hit, Says Commercial Board.

Need for Arbitrary Action no Longer Exists.

Vigorous protests against the adoption of the proposed increase in railroad rates was made yesterday to the State Railroad Commission by the Commercial Board of Los Angeles, an organization representing more than 100 of the biggest shippers in the Southwest. Members of the Board, declared yesterday that no reason for the publication of an increase in rates, other than for the sake of uniformity, has been given.

Shippers affiliated with the Commercial Board assert that the proposed rates would reflect their business, and points out that the new rates, if they become effective, will double and even triple those which existed in June, 1918. For example, the rate between Los Angeles and San Diego first-class was 40 cents; is 50 cents, and would be 60 cents, while the rate between Los Angeles and San Francisco was 40 cents; is now 75 cents and would be \$1.25 per 100 pounds. The Railroad Administration rate at present is 25 cents, and the proposed rate will be 35 cents. Between Los Angeles and San Diego first-class was 40 cents; is 50 cents, and would be 60 cents. Between here and Sacramento the rate on first-class freight was 20 cents; is 75 cents and would be \$1.42. The rate between Los Angeles and San Francisco was 40 cents; is now 75 cents and would be \$1.25 per 100 pounds.

In its petition to the State Railroad Commission, asking that the Interstate Commerce Commission and the State Commission be relieved with authority to adjust freight rates, the Commercial Board says: "Now that hostilities have ceased we believe that with the return of normal conditions the necessity for arbitrary action, such as is proposed by the director-general, no longer exists. We believe that the State and Federal commissions should resume their full pre-war powers and functions, and that the rights and interests of the shippers may be safeguarded by full and competent investigation of the proposed rate changes during the interim between the present time and the adoption of national legislation that will determine the future status of the carriers. As your honorable body was created by the State of California with protection of the shippers' rights as one of the ends in view, we respectfully call upon you to resume your activities for the control and regulation of intrastate rates and to investigate to the fullest extent the advisability and justice of the proposed increases through the power vested in your body by the Constitution of the State and the Public Utilities Act."

## RIGHT TO LEAVE HOME.

Man Whose Wife Fed Him Things He Didn't Like Is Divorced.

Although Judge Wood denied Hugo Puppe a divorce on the ground of extreme cruelty, he considered that he was justified in leaving home by the actions of his wife, Johanna Puppe, and gave him a decree on the ground of desertion. Mrs. Puppe fed her husband on pork chops when she discovered that he hated them. He said she told him it was better than he would get in jail. She called him an old bald-headed fool, and told him if he did not "shut up" she would throw a hot potato in his face.

**HOPKINS CASE CONTINUED.** Because witnesses failed to appear in court, B. H. Hopkins had his hearing on two charges of embezzlement and issuing checks for which he had no funds continued until February 17. The continuance was granted by Justice Palmer.

## DAILY HEALTH TALKS

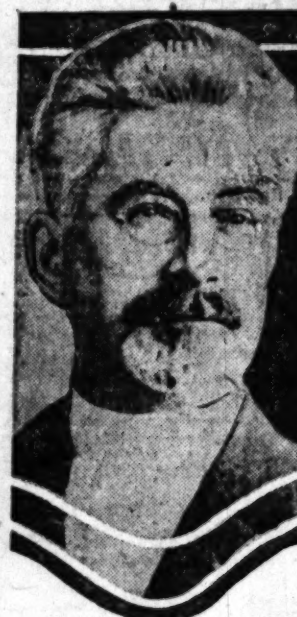
The Best Way to Treat Constipation.

BY S. C. BARCOCK, M.D.

The medical books name many drugs that will cure the bowels, and drug store shelves are loaded down with laxatives, purgatives and pills. The trouble with most of them is the after-effects. Constipated people know that pills work all right for a little while, but they soon lose their effect, and a change has to be made to something else. The constant taking of pills results in a form of bowel inactivity that is difficult to cure. The system becomes so accustomed to laxative drugs that the organs just won't work without them, and so the pill habit becomes as bad as constipation itself. Dr. Pierce of Buffalo, N. Y., seems to me to have the right idea. He says the bowels should first be gently moved with Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and in the meantime laxative foods and only should be eaten. Figs, prunes, olive oil, spinach, bean, vegetables and fruits are fine for constipation. Chew every bite thoroughly; eat little meat, and be as active as possible. Now, doesn't that seem sensible? Pleasant Pellets will start the bowels working right; then it is up to you to keep them right by right eating. Try Pleasant Pellets for sick headache, coated tongue, biliousness, dizziness, torpid liver or break up a cold. They are just fine!

Dr. Pierce's Anodyne Pile Ointment soothes, cools and heals piles in a most gratifying way. Perhaps there is no other remedy for this torturing trouble that relieves so surely and quickly. Dr. Pierce believes Anodyne Pile Ointment will overcome any case that can be overcome by medical treatment. Try it right now.

Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets are intended for people who suffer from kidney disorders—whose backs ache, and whose systems are overrun with uric acid. Nearly everybody has too much uric acid. Anuric Tablets dissolve uric acid quickly, as they are made double strength.



Edward T. Pierce.

## NOTED EDUCATOR IS SUMMONED BY STATE.

DR. EDWARD T. PIERCE, FORMER HEAD OF STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

In the death of Dr. Edward T. Pierce at his residence in Sierra Madre yesterday, Southern California lost one of its earliest and foremost educators. He enjoyed the distinction of having been president of two State Normal schools in this State, having headed the Normal School at Chico from 1889 to 1893 and the Los Angeles State Normal School from 1893 to 1904. He was the first superintendent of schools in Pasadena, and two years ago he taught citizenship in the Los Angeles public schools.

Dr. Pierce was born in Meredith Square, New York, in 1851. He was educated at Walton Academy, and at the age of 17 he took up teaching in a country school. In 1872 he graduated from the New York State Normal School, and for several years thereafter he served as principal of schools in New York and New Jersey cities.

Union College at Albany, N. Y., conferred its degree of L.L.B. upon him in 1877. That same year he was married to Miss Isabel Woodin, and in 1881 they came West, purchasing a large tract of land near Sierra Madre and deciding to spend the remainder of their lives on the ranch.

Soon after their arrival at Sierra Madre, Dr. Pierce was persuaded to become teacher of the little school at Santa Anita. He continued in that position for two years, and was then called to Pasadena to become principal of the Wilson school—the only one there at the time. Four years later he was made superintendent of schools in the Crown City, and he practically founded the present magnificent school system of Pasadena.

In 1889 he was elected president of the State Normal School in Chico, and while there he came into prominence, being recognized as one of the Coast's leading educators. After three successful years there, he became president of the Los Angeles State Normal School, a position he filled with great credit to himself for eleven years. Upon his retirement from that position he and Mrs. Pierce made an extended tour of Europe. After that he devoted his attention to ranching, with the exception of one year spent in teaching a class of freshmen at the Los Angeles schools, he was in failing health for about two years as the result of a complication of ailments.

The surviving relatives are the widow, Mrs. Isabel Pierce, and a daughter, Mrs. Iora Pierce Maull of Sierra Madre; a sister, Mrs. Katherine Wheat, and six brothers, who are Herbert, Charles, William, Marcus, Fred and Clarence Pierce, all of Los Angeles.

Funeral services will be conducted at the family residence in Sierra Madre yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock by the pastor of the Presbyterian Church. A brother, Rev. Charles C. Pierce of this city, who assisted at the funeral services of his father and mother and a younger brother, will deliver a brief eulogy. Interment will be private, at Hollywood Cemetery.

## SAYS WOMAN SPENT

MONEY ON GAY LIFE.

## DEPENDENT IN EMBEZZLEMENT

SUIT GIVES VERSION OF WHY RANCH WAS SOLD.

George A. Fox, accused of embezzling \$5106.25 and a \$75,000 orange grove from Mrs. Anna G. Walters, took the stand in his own defense yesterday in Judge Craig's court. He told his version of the transactions that led up to the sale of the Orange county ranch and the manner in which the \$50,000 received for it was spent.

Fox, it was said, intends to try to prove that the woman spent most of the money paying for a trip they took through several Western States and on races at Bakersfield and at Cheyenne, Wyo. On one occasion, Fox said, Mrs. Walters won \$700 in a bet at Cheyenne and then lost that and more. Later, at Denver, he said, she twice hired a taxicab and rode on a nine-hour trip to Cheyenne to buy wine. Fox said he told Mrs. Walters he was married when he first met her. This she denied.

W. S. Stephenson, a waiter, said that in the latter part of September, 1917, at a fair at Bakersfield, Mrs. Walters drew a roll of \$100 bills from her stockings and lost a bet with a secretive bookmaker. On the stand previously Mrs. Walters had denied that she ever bet any money at a race.

Mrs. A. W. McCain, sister of Mrs. Fox, A. C. McCain and Louise McCain, her son and daughter, testified that Fox introduced his wife and daughter as such to Mrs. Walters.

Fox's testimony will be completed today. A number of the defense witnesses are yet to be heard, and the case may not end until next week.

## BOARD DENIES HOLDING BACK.

Ventura School Row Record Delayed by Illness.

Club Delegates to Present Their Report Today.

Changes in Administration are Foreshadowed.

Seeking to allay the impression current among Los Angeles club women that the official record of the hearings into the charges of mismanagement and mistreatment at the California School for Girls at Ventura is being purposely delayed, the State Board of Charities and Corrections yesterday issued a statement, through H. H. Kinney, to the effect that the delay was due to the illness of his son, Harold H. Kinney, who served as reporter at the public hearings.

The charges against the Ventura institution, brought by Mrs. Nellie B. Pierce and Mrs. Florence Collins Porter, representing interested club women, were aired at public hearings before the Board of Charities and Corrections in Los Angeles and at Ventura, early this month. Because of the nature of the charges, the club women urged that the board's findings be given the public as speedily as possible, and when action seemed tardy pressure was brought to bear on the board to ascertain the cause. Mr. Kinney therefore appeared at the office of the board in the Union League Building and requested that the newspapers be asked to publish his statement.

**FINDINGS AWAIT REPORT.** "My son, who reported the hearings," he said, "was taken sick immediately upon his return from Ventura. He is now confined to my home at Santa Monica. I am not aware of the nature of his illness, but, despite the fact that he has endeavored to complete this record without any delay, he will not be able to for several days. In the meantime I have asked the Board of Charities and Corrections to be patient."

The complete report, it was stated, would fill more than 700 pages. Until the board has this record in hand, its findings as to the charges against the institution will not be forthcoming.

Meantime a meeting of the Conference Committee of the local club women will be held today at the Chamber of Commerce at 2:30 p.m., when Mrs. Florence Collins Porter, chairman of the club women's investigating committee, will present a report on the conditions at the Ventura school as developed at the hearing held there. This report will review the charges that unruly girl inmates were "hosed" and given treatments of apoplexy to "cure" their hysteria, and it will contain the supplemental charge that the entire system of administration at the school was built on "tattling and snitching."

It is said that Mrs. E. P. Foster of Ventura, a former member of the board of trustees, will be present at this meeting to give certain facts connected with her experience at the school.

**CHANGES EXPECTED.** That certain changes in the school administration will follow, this investigation is believed probable by the club women investigators, who associate the resignation of Mrs. C. A. Clarke of Santa Paula from the board of trustees as having a direct bearing on the dissatisfaction over the system of handling inmates inaugurated by Mrs. C. M. Weymann, superintendent of the institution. The fact that another vacancy on the board has been caused by the failure to reappoint Mrs. L. B. Hogue, whose term expired on January 25, has served to heighten this impression.

In tendering her resignation, Mrs. Clarke said that her reasons were "purely personal." She is quoted as saying, however, that on the occasion of one of her visits to the school she was "severely reprimanded" by one of the trustees for speaking to a girl inmate.

"When I first went on the board," explained Mrs. Clarke, "one of the members took me aside and said that Mrs. Weymann, the superintendent, did not like to have us talk with the inmates or interfere, so, of course, I kept out. After the first meeting I attended I wanted to go to another room and asked a girl in the hall one of the wards, where I should go. I was severely reprimanded by one of the trustees for speaking to the girl, and so, of course, I never spoke to any of them again."

Mrs. Clarke added that the habit of the trustees was to accept without question the reports of Mrs. Weymann on the school management.

**SAY FIRE WORSHIPPER DIDN'T MISTREAT 'EM.**

MOTHERS OF GIRLS TESTIFY IN FAVOR OF "MASTER" IN DAMAGE SUIT.

Miss Ida Jones, an investigator in the District Attorney's office, was the star witness yesterday for Dr. Muriel Cass, Juvenile Hall physician defending a \$50,000 damage suit growing out of alleged mistreatment of Audra Ellis, before a jury in Judge Houser's court. It was to Miss Jones that the girl is alleged to have confessed being a victim of Zar Adusht Hanish, alleged Persian fire worshipper.

In this confession the girl declared that her mother took her to Dr. Hanish. This elderly man and the tender girl were together some time. When the District Attorney's office sought the fire worshipper, it was found he had disappeared.

The mother of Audra, and the members of Dr. Hanish's cult indignantly deny that the "Master," as he is termed, mistreated their offspring. The suit is sought to show that if the girl was injured, it was through the examination of Dr. Cass at Juvenile Hall. Dr. Cass, by her own testimony and that of others, declared that the injury was there before she examined the girl. Dr. Harriet Probasco's evidence contradicts Dr. Cass. The case is still on trial.

## Hamburger

ESTABLISHED 1881

### Today—Odds—Ends and Remnants

**Final**

—The Last Word

Odds and Ends Must Go

—And so, for a day—which is to be a Remnant Day in the fullest sense of the word—Every department will throw in all short lines—

—Odd pieces and little lots—

—Just everything one expects to find in a last great clearaway of Hamburger's great Clearance Sale!

—Come! Big bargain little prices—everywhere—

—Hamburger's have planned something of interest for every shopper—Come and come early.

## A Bank—PLUS A Trust Company—PLUS

A Bank which has a Trust Department can render all its patrons in all its departments more complete service.

A Trust Company which is part of a Bank is able to offer its patrons better and more complete service than a Trust Company which is only a trust company.

A Bank is a mechanism for keeping money safe, and for making investments PAY. A Trust Company is a mechanism to care for or protect property entrusted to it, and to carry out the wishes of those making the trust. Coupled together—a Bank and a Trust company mutually increase the efficiency of each.

Let this old, experienced, safe Bank, with its highly efficient Trust Department, render you the COMPLETE service, in every department of Banking, in every Fiduciary or Trust Capacity, such as only an institution like this can give.

**SECURITY TRUST & SAVINGS BANK**

OLDEST AND LARGEST SAVINGS BANK IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

SECURITY CORNER FIFTH AND SPRING

## The One "Flu" Treatment On Which All Doctors Agree

IS TO

### Keep the Bowels Open

**VERONICA WATER**

SOLD EVERYWHERE

Is the only remedy known in the world today that will cure system systematically, without weakening or losing its effect, neither a Cathartic nor a Purgative, but a Disinfectant, and it dissolves the accumulated corruption, thoroughly cleanses and heals up the system by carrying the poisons out through kidneys and bowels.

The accumulation that forms on the mucus linings is the coating on the tongue. It fills the pores and clogs the system. Veronica Water dissolves and expels it. THAT'S THE CURE OF DISEASE. REMOVE IT.

There are no bad effects from the use of Veronica Water can be depended on to work in all systems.

## Reduce the Fever

By taking a glassful every hour until fever is gone. That's enough to keep the bowels open—IT IS GUARANTEED NOT to cause any bad after-effects.

Veronica Medicinal Springs Water Co.  
Santa Barbara, California

Western Wholesale Drug Co.  
Brunswick Drug Co.  
Distributors for Southern California.

SEND FOR FREE BOOK